

FACT SHEET

BANKSIA INTERGRIFOLIA | 'COAST BANKSIA'



At Maturity



Foliage

- Origin:** Coastal Queensland and Victoria; north-west Tasmania
- Habit:** Ovoid to broad columnar evergreen tree, can grow 15 metres in 30 years.
- Description:** Leaves are dark green above, white beneath, leathery. Flowers from February to July with lemon–yellow spikes to 12cm long. Produces a woody cone. Bark is shallow grey and finely fissured. Relatively long lived.
- Tolerances:** Tolerant of a wide range of soil conditions, high tolerance of drought and salt, with moderate tolerance of water logging and aerial pollution.
- Notes:** The species has a long flowering period summer through to winter; cones are persistent for many years; juvenile leaves may be toothed. The flowers of this species are a good bird attractant.

- References:** Costemons, L. (2003) *Native trees and shrubs of south - eastern Australia*, Reed New Holland, Australia
<http://www.metrotrees.com.au/treehandbook/page-listings/banksia-integrifolia.html>